

Current	<i>Proposed Changes</i>	<i>Comments</i>
EVENT REGULATIONS AND/OR DEPARTURES FROM THE FISA RULES OF RACING – PARA- ROWING COMPETITION REGULATIONS (2013)		
Rules applying to World Rowing Championships and international regattas shall apply to Para-Rowing events at those regattas except as provided in these Regulations.		
Regulation 1 – Application (Rule 2) The FISA Rules, Event Regulations and related Bye-Laws shall also apply to Paralympic Regattas within the limits of the authority of FISA and to Paralympic Qualification Regattas.		
Regulation 2 – Right to Participate (Rule 18) Paralympic Regattas are open only to those rowers whose federations have qualified in the appropriate boat classes in accordance with the Paralympic Qualification System prescribed in the Bye-Laws.		
Regulation 3 – Eligibility (Rule 19) No rower may compete in a Para-Rowing event under these Rules unless they have submitted an Para-Rowing Rower Classification Application Form to FISA through their national federation and have been classified as set out in the FISA Classification Regulations for Para-Rowing Rowers.	Regulation 3 – Eligibility (Rule 19) No rower may compete in a Para-Rowing event under these Rules unless they have submitted an Para-Rowing Rower Classification Application Form to FISA through their national federation and have been classified as set out in the FISA Classification Regulations for Para-Rowing Rowers and issued an eligible Sport Class for Para-Rowing.	Part of the process to get a sport class is to complete the application form. Remove duplication here.
Regulation 4 – Coxswains (Rule 27) For Para-Rowing events there is no restriction on coxswains in respect of Para- Rowing eligibility, sex or age. The minimum weights of coxswains shall apply to Para-Rowing events.	Regulation 4 – Coxswains (Rule 27) For Para-Rowing events there is no restriction on coxswains in respect of Para-Rowing eligibility, sex gender or age. Para-Rowing coxswains may or may not have an impairment. The minimum weights of coxswains shall apply to Para-Rowing events.	Revised for clarity. Gender is used for consistency.
Regulation 5 – Mixed Masters Events (Rule 33) Masters Para-Rowing events may also be held for mixed crews without restriction on the ratio of men and women, provided that at least one rower of each sex is included in the crew.	Regulation 5 – Mixed Masters Events (Rule 33) Masters Para-Rowing events may also be held for mixed crews without restriction on the ratio of men and women, provided that at least one rower of each sex gender is included in the crew.	
Regulation 6 – World Rowing Championships Para-Rowing Boat Classes (Rule 36) World Rowing Championships include the following Para-Rowing events: LTA Mixed coxed four (LTAMix4+) LTA Mixed double sculls (LTAMix2X) TA Mixed double sculls (TAMix2x) AS Men’s single sculls (ASM1x)	Regulation 6 – World Rowing Championships Para-Rowing Boat Classes (Rule 36) World Rowing Championships include the following Para-Rowing events: LTA PR3 Mixed coxed four (LTA PR3 Mix4+) LTA PR3 Mixed double sculls (LTA PR3 Mix2X)	Rename sport classes from current AS, TA, and LTA to PR1, PR2 and PR3 respectively to avoid confusion, as (for example), in the AS sport class, athletes

<p>AS Women's single sculls (ASW1x) In Mixed Para-Rowing events half of the rowers in a crew shall be men and half shall be women. In the 4+, the coxswain may be either a man or a woman. An LTAMix4+ crew may include a maximum of two rowers whose disability is visual impairment, only one of whom may have a sport class of LTA-B3. An LTAMix2x crew may include a maximum of one rower whose disability is visual impairment and that rower may be either LTA-B1 or LTA-B2.</p>	<p>TA PR2 Mixed double sculls (TA PR2 Mix2x) AS PR1 Men's single sculls (AS PR1 M1x) AS PR1 Women's single sculls (AS PR1 W1x) In Mixed mixed Para-Rowing events half of the rowers in a crew shall be men male and half shall be women female. In the PR3 Mix4+, the coxswain may be either a man male or a woman female. An LTA A PR3 Mix4+ crew may include a maximum of two rowers whose disability impairment is visual impairment, only one of whom may have a sport class of LTA PR3-B3. A PR3 Mix4+ crew must include a minimum of two athletes with a minimum loss of 20 points in one limb or a visual impairment of PR3-B1. An LTA A PR3 Mix2x crew may include a maximum of one rower whose disability impairment is visual impairment and that rower may be either LTA PR3-B1 or LTA PR3-B2. Athletes with a physical disability impairment competing in the PR3 Mix2x must have a minimum loss of 20 points in one limb.</p>	<p>have "some" trunk function, but it is not functional for the next sport class. Avoid misunderstanding.</p> <p>The LTAMix4+ has become a minimal impairment event with larger countries with more potential athletes at an advantage. These requirements will bring the crews more in line regarding impairments.</p>
<p>Regulation 7 – Paralympic Games Boat classes (Rule 37) The programme at the Paralympic Regatta includes the following events: LTA Mixed coxed four (LTAMix4+) TA Mixed double sculls (TAMix2x) AS Men's single sculls (ASM1x) AS Women's single sculls (ASW1x) In Mixed Para-Rowing events half of the rowers in a crew shall be men and half shall be women. In the 4+, the coxswain may be of either sex. An LTAMix4+ crew may include a maximum of two rowers whose disability is visual impairment, only one of whom may have a sport class of LTA-B3.</p>	<p>Regulation 7 – Paralympic Games Boat classes (Rule 37) The programme at the Paralympic Regatta includes the following events: LTA PR3 Mixed coxed four (LTA PR3 Mix4+) TA PR2 Mixed double sculls (TA PR2 Mix2x) AS PR1 Men's single sculls (AS PR1 M1x) AS PR1 Women's single sculls (AS PR1 W1x) In Mixed mixed Para-Rowing events half of the rowers in a crew shall be men male and half shall be women female. In the PR3 Mix4+, the coxswain may be of either sex gender. An LTA A PR3 Mix4+ crew may include a maximum of two rowers whose disability impairment is visual impairment, only one of whom may have a sport class of LTA PR3-B3. A PR3 Mix4+ crew must include a minimum of two athletes with a minimum loss of 20 points in one limb or a visual impairment of PR3-B1.</p>	
<p>Regulation 8 – Boats and Equipment (Rule 39)</p>	<p>Regulation 8 – Boats and Equipment (Rule 39)</p>	
<p>1. General Aspects 1.1. The use of FISA Standard Para-Rowing boats is</p>	<p>1. General Aspects 1.1. The use of FISA Standard Para-Rowing boats is</p>	<p><i>Quest</i></p>

<p>mandatory for all Para- Rowing AS1x and TAMix2x events.</p> <p>1.2. The Council shall determine the design of FISA Standard Para-Rowing boats and any changes thereto. The design shall be a part of these Regulations. This design must be obtained from FISA to build an AS1X or a TAMix2X boat. Recommended specifications are also available.</p> <p>1.3. Those parts of the Standard Para-Rowing Boats which are not specified in these Regulations may be modified subject to these Regulations and subject to Rule 60.</p> <p>1.4. No changes in the standard design of FISA Standard Para-Rowing Boats shall be made except in the year following the Paralympic Games.</p> <p>1.5. The minimum weight of FISA Standard Para-Rowing boats shall be as specified in these Regulations (Regulation, Rule 34: Boat Weights).</p>	<p>mandatory for all Para- Rowing ASPR1-1x and TAMix PR2-2x events.</p> <p>1.2. The Council shall determine the design of FISA Standard Para-Rowing boats (the FISA Standard Design) and any changes thereto. The design shall be a part of these Regulations. This design must be obtained from FISA to build an AS1X or a TAMix2X boat. Recommended specifications are also available. The FISA Standard Design design must be obtained is available from FISA upon request and all boats used in PR1-1x and PR2-2x events at international regattas under these Rules and Regulations must comply specifically with this FISA Standard Design.</p> <p>1.3. Those parts of the Standard Para-Rowing Boats which are not specified in these Regulations may be modified subject to these Regulations and subject to Rule 6040.</p> <p>1.4. No changes in the standard design of FISA Standard Para-Rowing Boats shall be made except in the year following the Paralympic Games.</p> <p>1.5. The minimum weight of FISA Standard Para-Rowing boats shall be as specified in these Regulations (Regulation, Rule 34-41 9 – Weight of Boats Boat Weights).</p>	
<p>2. Para-Rowing LTAMix4+ and LTAMix2X</p> <p>2.1. Boats used in LTAMix4+ events shall be subject to the same restrictions as those for coxed fours (4+) under the FISA Rules of Racing. No additional restrictions shall apply.</p> <p>2.2. Boats used in the LTAMix2X events shall be subject to the same restrictions as those for 2X events under the Rules of Racing.</p>	<p>2. Para-Rowing LTAMix4+PR3 Mix4+ and LTAMix2XPR3 Mix2x Boats</p> <p>2.1. Boats used in LTAMix4+PR3 Mix4+ events shall be subject to the same restrictions as those for coxed fours (4+) under the FISA Rules of Racing. No additional restrictions shall apply.</p> <p>2.2. Boats used in the LTAMix2XPR3 Mix2x events shall be subject to the same restrictions as those for 2Xdouble sculls (2x) events under the Rules of Racing.</p>	
<p>3. Standard Para-Rowing TA Mix2x</p> <p>3.1. The FISA Standard Para-Rowing TAMix2x has a fixed seat and may have stabilising pontoons. The hull, the pontoons where fitted, and the seat fixing are part of the Standard specifications. The seat itself and the rigger design of the Standard Para-Rowing TAMix2x are not restricted.</p> <p>3.2. TAMix2x rowers are required to comply with the strapping requirements set out in point 5 of this Regulation.</p>	<p>3. Standard Para-Rowing TAMix2xPR2 Mix2x Boats</p> <p>3.1. The FISA Standard Para-Rowing TAMixPR2 Mix2x boat has a fixed seat and may have stabilising pontoons. The hull, the pontoons where fitted, and the seat fixing are part of shall comply with the FISA Standard Design specifications. The seat itself and the rigger design of the Standard Para-Rowing TAMixPR2 Mix2x boat are not restricted except that the design of</p>	

	<p><u>the seat must be compatible with the FISA Standard Design seat fixing.</u></p> <p>3.2. TAMix <u>PR2</u>Mix2x rowers are required to comply with the strapping requirements set out in point 5 of this Regulation.</p>	
<p>4. Standard Para-Rowing AS1x</p> <p>4.1. The FISA Standard Para-Rowing 1x has a fixed seat and must have stabilising pontoons installed, attached to the riggers at a minimum distance of 60 cm from centre line of pontoon to centre line of boat. The pontoons should be fixed in position so that when the rower is seated in the balanced boat both pontoons shall be horizontal and shall, at a minimum, touch the water. The hull, the pontoons and the seat fixing are part of the Standard specifications.</p> <p>4.2. The seat itself and the rigger design of the Standard Para-Rowing AS1x are not restricted, except that the design of the seat must be compatible with the Standard seat fixing and the design of the rigger must allow the stabilising pontoons to be correctly fixed.</p> <p>4.3. AS1x rowers are required to comply with the strapping requirements set out in point 5 of this Regulation.</p>	<p>4. Standard Para-Rowing AS1x <u>PR1-1x Boat</u></p> <p>4.1. The FISA Standard Para-Rowing <u>PR1-1x boat</u> has a fixed seat and must have stabilising pontoons installed, attached to the riggers at a minimum distance of 60 cm from centre line of pontoon to centre line of boat. The pontoons should be fixed in position so that when the rower is seated in the balanced boat both pontoons shall be horizontal <u>to the boat when checked from the side</u> and shall, at a minimum, touch the water. The hull, and the pontoons and the seat fixing are part of <u>shall comply with</u> the FISA Standard <u>Design</u> specifications.</p> <p>4.2. The seat itself and the rigger design of the Standard Para-Rowing ASPR1-1x <u>boat</u> are not restricted, except that the design of the seat must be compatible with the FISA Standard <u>Design</u> seat fixing and the design of the rigger must allow the stabilising pontoons to be correctly fixed.</p> <p>4.3. <u>PR1-1x</u> rowers are required to comply with the strapping requirements set out in point 5 of this Regulation.</p>	
<p>5. Strapping</p> <p>5.1. TAMix2x Strapping Requirements – rowers shall be secured with a strap to prevent flexion and extension of the knee(s) during rowing. The strap must be secured under the seat or rails and over the thighs, as close to the knees as possible.</p> <p>5.2. AS1x Strapping Requirements – rowers shall use a strap that must be secured to the seat back and around the torso just covering the xiphoid process (bone at the bottom of the sternum). The rower's lumbar region must remain in contact with the seat when the rower reaches forward when rowing, during training, warm up, cool down and racing. The purpose of the strapping is to prevent movement of the lumbar region away from the seat and it must be tight enough to do so. The design and placement of the seat and all straps must allow the lumbar region to be visible from the side</p>	<p>5. Strapping</p> <p>5.1. TAMix <u>PR2-2x</u> Strapping Requirements – rowers shall be secured with a strap to prevent flexion and extension of the knee(s) during rowing. The strap must be secured under the seat or rails and over the thighs, as close to the knees as possible.</p> <p>5.2. <u>ASPR1-1x</u> Strapping Requirements – rowers shall use a strap that must be secured to the seat back and around the torso just covering the xiphoid process (bone at the bottom of the sternum). The rower's lumbar region must remain in contact with the seat when the rower reaches forward when rowing, during training, warm up, cool down and racing. The purpose of the strapping is to prevent movement of the lumbar region away from the seat and it must be tight enough to do so. The design and placement of the seat and all straps</p>	

<p>during rowing. The straps must be attached to the seat on both sides. The point at which the strap is attached to the seat should be no lower than the top edge of the supportive portion of the strap at the front of the torso. Straps will be assessed with the rower in a static position with the spine straightened by bearing the weight of the upper body through the arms while the buttocks and back remain in contact with the seat. The rower's movement will be observed and assessed during rowing (training and racing) by members of the Para- Rowing Commission and FISA International Classifiers. The supportive portion of the back rest of the seat must not be lower than the level of the attachment points of the front strap. The back of the seat may be covered with a soft material to prevent injuries, but the covering material must not be thicker than 2 cm. If a bracket is attached to the strap it must not rotate at the attachment point.</p> <p>5.2.1. Additionally, the AS1x rower shall be secured with a strap to prevent flexion and extension of the knee(s) during rowing. The strap must be secured under the seat or rails and over the thighs, as close to the knees as possible.</p>	<p>must allow the lumbar region to be visible from the side during rowing. The straps must be attached to the seat on both sides. The point at which the strap is attached to the seat should be no lower than the top edge of the supportive portion of the strap at the front of the torso. Straps will be assessed with the rower in a static position with the spine straightened by bearing the weight of the upper body through the arms while the buttocks and back remain in contact with the seat. The rower's movement will be observed and assessed during rowing (training and racing) by members of the Para- Rowing Commission and FISA International Classifiers. The supportive portion of the back rest of the seat must not be lower than the level of the attachment points of the front strap. The back of the seat may be covered with a soft material to prevent injuries, but the covering material must not be thicker than 2 cm. If a bracket is attached to the strap it must not rotate at the attachment point.</p> <p>5.2.1. Additionally, the ASPR1-1x rower shall be secured with a strap to prevent flexion and extension of the knee(s) during rowing. The strap must be secured under the seat or rails and over the thighs, as close to the knees as possible.</p>	
<p>6. General Strapping Requirements</p> <p>6.1. All straps must be a minimum width of 50 mm, be of non- elastic material, be without mechanical buckles and must be able to be released immediately by the rower with a single quick hand action of pulling on the free end of the strap.</p> <p>6.2. The colour of the all straps must be a contrasting colour from the rowers' racing uniform so that they can be clearly seen.</p> <p>6.3. All straps for each rower must be released in the same manner and direction.</p> <p>6.4. Any hand strapping must be able to be released immediately by quick mouth action.</p> <p>6.5. Additional strapping may be used by any rower provided the requirements of these Regulations are met.</p> <p>6.6. To avoid accidents arising from capsizing, all boats shall be equipped with stretchers or shoes that allow the</p>	<p>6. General Strapping, Shoes and Stretchers Requirements</p> <p>6.1. All straps must be a minimum width of 50 mm, be of non- elastic material, be without mechanical buckles and must be able to be released immediately by the rower with a single quick hand action of pulling on the free end of the strap.</p> <p>6.2. The colour of the all straps must be a contrasting colour from the rowers' racing uniform so that they can be clearly seen.</p> <p>6.3. All straps for each rower must be released in the same manner and direction.</p> <p>6.4. Any hand strapping must be able to be released immediately by quick mouth action independently by the athlete.</p> <p>6.5. Additional strapping may be used by any rower provided the requirements of these Regulations are met.</p>	

<p>rowers to get clear of the boat without using their hands and with the least possible delay.</p> <p>6.7 It is solely the responsibility of the rower to ensure that all strapping is compliant with these Regulations.</p> <p>6.8 Penalty for non-compliance – The penalty for having raced with non-compliant strapping and/or in the case of a AS 1x rower if the lumbar region of the rower does not stay in contact with the seat when reaching forward, shall be that the crew is relegated to last place in the particular race. If two or more crews in the same race have a non-compliant strap or movement, they shall all be relegated and they shall be ranked in the descending order of their finish. If the crew races again with a non-compliant strap or movement in a later round of the same event, then the penalty shall be the exclusion of the crew.</p>	<p>6.6. To avoid accidents arising from capsizing, all boats shall be equipped with stretchers or shoes that allow the rowers to get clear of the boat without using their hands and with the least possible delay.</p> <p>6.7 It is solely the responsibility of the rower to ensure that all strapping <u>strappings, shoes, stretchers and other equipment are</u> is compliant with these Regulations.</p> <p>6.8 Penalty for non-compliance – The penalty for having raced with non-compliant strapping and/or in the case of a AS 1x rower if the lumbar region of the rower does not stay in contact with the seat when reaching forward, shall be that the crew is relegated to last place in the particular race. If two or more crews in the same race have a non-compliant strap or movement, they shall all be relegated and they shall be ranked in the descending order of their finish. If the crew races again with a non-compliant strap or movement in a later round of the same event, then the penalty shall be the exclusion of the crew.</p>	
<p>7. Eyewear for Visually Impaired Rowers</p> <p>7.1. Rowers classified as visually impaired must wear FISA or IBSA approved eyewear at all times when on the water during training, warm up, cool down, and competition from the opening day of the course until completion of the final race of their competition. Such eyewear shall completely block all light. All eyewear must be checked to ensure a secure fit and complete light occlusion by an IBSA doctor during classification or by a FISA International Classifier if an IBSA doctor is not present. (Samples of eyewear can be found on www.worldrowing.com.)</p>	<p>7. Eyewear for Visually Impaired Rowers</p> <p>7.1. Rowers classified as visually impaired must wear FISA or IBSA approved eyewear at all times when on the water during training, warm up, cool down, and competition from the opening day of the course until completion of the final race of their competition. Such eyewear shall completely block all light. All eyewear must be checked to ensure a secure fit and complete light occlusion by an IBSA doctor during classification or by a FISA International Classifier if an IBSA doctor is not present. (Samples of eyewear can be found on www.worldrowing.com.)</p>	<p>The VI Classification process has changed, and is more robust, and uses a classification panel. The risk of intentional misrepresentation is low. FISA does not want to increase the level of impairments of athletes by adding an additional limitation of the goggles. We already limit the number of athletes with B3, so we are already avoiding only having the absolute minimum impairment only in the boats. Propose to delete this requirement.</p>
<p>Regulation 9 – Boat Weights (Rule 41)</p>	<p>Regulation 9 <u>7</u> – Boat Weights <u>Weight of Boats</u> (Rule 41)</p>	
<p>In addition to the requirements of Rule 34, the minimum weights for Para-Rowing boats shall include pontoons where used. The weight of the AS1x and TA2x boats shall include</p>	<p>In addition to the requirements of Rule 34, the <u>The</u> minimum weights for Para-Rowing boats shall include pontoons where used.</p>	<p>Seat pads which are attached</p>

<p>the strapping which is firmly attached to the boat, the seat and/or to its fittings. Straps, paddings and other items directly related to Para-Rowing which are not bolted, screwed, or glued directly to the boat or seat shall not be included in the weight of the boat. Equipment that replaces a part of the body (prosthesis) even if bolted, screwed, or glued directly to the boat or seat shall not be included as part of the weight of the boat. The minimum weights of Para-Rowing boats are: 4+ 51kg LTA2x 27kg TA2x 37kg AS1x 24kg.</p>	<p>The weight of the TAASPR1-1x and TAPR2-2x boats shall include the strapping which is firmly attached fastened to the boat, to the seat and/or to its fittings. It shall also include seat pads which are attached to the seat. Straps, paddings and other Other items, whether directly related to Para-Rowing or not, and which are not bolted, screwed, or glued directly firmly fastened to the boat or seat shall not be included in the weight of the boat. Equipment that replaces a part of the body (prosthesis) even if bolted, screwed, or glued directly firmly fastened to the boat or seat shall not be included as part of the weight of the boat. The minimum weights of Para-Rowing boats are:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Designation</th> <th>Boat Type</th> <th>Minimum Weight (kg)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>PR1-1x</td> <td>PR1 single sculls</td> <td>24</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PR2-2x</td> <td>PR2 double sculls</td> <td>37</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PR3-2x</td> <td>double sculls</td> <td>27</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PR3-4+</td> <td>coxed four</td> <td>51</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>R3-4+ 51kg LTAR3-2x 27kg TAR2-2x 37kg ASR1-1x 24kg.</p>	Designation	Boat Type	Minimum Weight (kg)	PR1-1x	PR1 single sculls	24	PR2-2x	PR2 double sculls	37	PR3-2x	double sculls	27	PR3-4+	coxed four	51	<p>to the seat shall be included in the weight of the boat. This provision should accord with the Rule for seat pads – compare Bye-law to Rule 41, 1.d</p> <p>Layout of weights to match B/L to Rule 41</p> <p>PR3 boats are not restricted</p>
Designation	Boat Type	Minimum Weight (kg)															
PR1-1x	PR1 single sculls	24															
PR2-2x	PR2 double sculls	37															
PR3-2x	double sculls	27															
PR3-4+	coxed four	51															
<p>Regulation 10 – Length of the Course (Rule 43) For Para-Rowing events the length of the standard course shall be 1,000 metres straight. The Executive Committee may decide to waive the use of starting pontoons for Para-Rowing events.</p>	<p>Regulation 10 – Length of the Course (Rule 43) For Para-Rowing events the length of the standard course shall be 1,000 metres straight. The Executive Committee may decide to waive the use of starting pontoons for Para-Rowing events.</p>	<p>Propose to just delete this provision. Para events should then us the same courses as non-para events – governed by Rules 42 & 43.</p>															
<p>Regulation 11 – Rowers’ Clothing and Blade Colours (Rule 51) One or both rowers in the TAMix2x event may extend their racing uniform to cover their legs. Where both rowers cover their legs in this manner, such coverings shall be identical in colour and design. Where AS1x rowers are using chest strapping and this strapping obscures the Identifications permitted to be worn on the racing shirt or equivalent, those Identifications which are so obscured may be repeated on the strapping material but shall not be visible on both the racing shirt and the strapping at the same time.</p>	<p>Regulation 11 8 – Rowers’ Clothing and Blade Colours (Rule 51) One or both rowers in the TA PR2Mix2x event may extend their racing uniform to cover their legs. Where both rowers cover their legs in this manner, such coverings shall be identical in colour and design. Where ASPR1-1x rowers are using chest strapping and this strapping obscures the Identifications permitted to be worn on the racing shirt or equivalent, those Identifications which are so obscured may be repeated on the strapping material but shall not be visible on both the racing shirt and the strapping at the same time.</p>																
<p>Regulation 12 Entries (Rule 54)</p>	<p>Regulation 12 9 Entries (Rule 54)</p>																

<p>No entry shall be accepted for an Para-Rowing event unless the rower concerned has submitted all required medical documentation to the Chief Classifier by the deadline stipulated by FISA and has been given a sport class by FISA. All rowers must be classified by a FISA International Classification Panel prior to competition. A rower without a FISA sport class or whose sport class has been withdrawn may not compete in Para-Rowing events.</p>	<p>No entry shall be accepted for an a Para-Rowing event unless the rower concerned member federation has submitted all required medical documentation to the Chief Classifier by the deadline stipulated by FISA and or the rower has been given issued a sport class by FISA. All rowers must be classified by a FISA International Classification Panel prior to competition. A rower without a FISA sport class or whose sport class has been withdrawn may not compete in Para-Rowing events.</p>	
<p>Regulation 13 – Crew Changes before the First Heat (Rule 59) A rower whose sport class has been withdrawn or changed after the close of entries and before the first heat, may be replaced by another eligible rower from the same Federation.</p>	<p>Regulation 43 <u>10</u> – Crew Changes before the First Heat (Rule 59) A rower whose sport class has been withdrawn or changed after the close of entries and before the first heat, may be replaced by another eligible rower from the same Federation club, or in the case of a national team, the same member federation. <u>An athlete who has entered an event but is deemed to be in a different sport class after classification may be replaced by another eligible rower from the same club, or in the case of a national team, the same member federation.</u></p>	
<p>Regulation 14 – Crew Changes after the First Heat (Rule 60) The crew of a rower whose sport class is withdrawn or changed to make them ineligible for that event after the first heat shall not compete again in that event.</p>	<p>Regulation 44 <u>11</u> – Crew Changes after the First Heat (Rule 60) The crew of a rower whose sport class is withdrawn or changed to make them ineligible for that event after the first heat shall not compete again in that event.</p>	
<p>Regulation 15 – Safety of Para-Rowing Rowers (Rule 62) AS and TA rowers require special safety procedures which shall be agreed between FISA and the Organising Committee. In particular, the Organising Committee or the President of the Jury may require additional rescue boats to be present on the course for all Para-Rowing events, but particularly for AS events. Particular care must be taken in weather conditions which may generate extreme uncontrolled body temperatures. Safety requirements for strapping are set out at Regulation 8.5 and 8.6.</p>	<p>Regulation 45 <u>12</u> – Safety of Para-Rowing Rowers (Rule 62) AS and TA PR1 and PR2 rowers require special safety procedures <u>during training and racing</u> which shall be agreed between FISA and the Organising Committee and the President of Jury. In particular, the Organising Committee or the President of the Jury may require additional rescue boats to be present on the course for <u>during all training and racing times involving all</u> Para-Rowing events crews, but particularly for AS PR1-1x events. Particular care must be taken in weather conditions which may generate extreme uncontrolled body temperatures <u>in para rowers</u>. Safety requirements for strapping, <u>shoes and stretchers</u></p>	<p>This applies to all international regattas having para events, so FISA will not always be involved.</p>

	are set out at Regulation 8.5 and 8.6 Regulation 8 points 5 & 6.	
Regulation 16 – Traffic Rules on the Course (Rule 63) In principle the traffic rules shall provide clear separation between fixed seat Para-Rowing crews and all other crews during training and racing for the safety of all crews.	Regulation 46 13 – Traffic Rules on the Course (Rule 63) In principle the traffic rules shall provide clear separation between fixed seat Para-Rowing crews and all other crews during training and racing for the safety of all crews.	
Regulation 17 – Fairness – General Principles (Rule 66) At all times when on the water during training, warm up, cool down, and competition from the opening day of the course until completion of the final race of their competition, all Para-Rowing rowers must row with the prescribed equipment which must be used according to the boat class as described at Regulation, Rule 33 and /or classification requirements as described in the FISA Classification Regulations. Equipment in this context refers to eyewear, strapping and pontoons. Failure to comply with these requirements may lead to a penalty being imposed on the crew in accordance with these Rules, including (but not limited to), where such failure to comply is judged to have taken place during a race, relegation to last place in the particular race or exclusion of the crew. The appropriate penalty in all circumstances shall be at the discretion of the Jury.	Regulation 47 14 – Fairness – General Principles (Rule 66) At all times when on the water during training, warm up, cool down, and competition from the opening day of the course until completion of the final race of their competition, all Para-Rowing para rowers must row with the prescribed equipment which must be used according to the boat class as described at Regulation, Rule 33 Regulation 8 and for classification requirements as described in the FISA Para-Rowing Classification Regulations. Equipment in this context refers to eyewear , strapping and pontoons. Failure to comply with these requirements may lead to a penalty being imposed on the crew in accordance with these Rules, including (but not limited to), where such failure to comply is judged to have taken place during a race, relegation to last place in the particular race or exclusion of the crew. The appropriate penalty in all circumstances shall be at the discretion of the Jury.	<i>Remove eyewear based on recommendation to remove goggles requirement.</i>
Regulation 18 – Starting Procedure for LTAMix4+ and LTAMix2X (Rule 73) The LTAMix4+ and LTAMix2X event may include rowers with visual impairment. Therefore, at the start of each race in an LTAMix4+ and LTAMix2X event the Starter shall give an additional verbal indication to crews as follows: After completing the roll call and stating the word “Attention!”, the Starter shall say the words “Red Flag!” at the same time as he raises the red flag (or in the case where traffic lights are used, “Red Light!” at the same instant that he presses the button to activate the red light). He shall then proceed with the start in the normal way.	Regulation 48 15 – Starting Procedure for LTAPR3 Mix4+ and LTAMix2X PR3Mix2x (Rule 73) The LTAPR3 Mix4+ and LTAMix2X PR3Mix2x event may include rowers with visual impairment. Therefore, at the start of each race in an LTA a PR3Mix4+ and LTAMix2X PR3Mix2x event the Starter shall give an additional verbal indication to crews as follows: After completing the roll call and stating the word “Attention!”, the Starter shall say the words “Red Flag!” at the same time as he raises the red flag (or in the case where traffic lights are used, “Red Light!” at the same instant that he presses the button to activate the red light). He shall then proceed with the start in the normal way.	
Regulation 19 – Yellow Card for LTAMix4+ (Rule 74)	Regulation 49 16 – Yellow Card for LTAPR3 Mix4+ and	

<p>When the Starter awards a warning indicated by a Yellow Card to a crew in the LTAMix4+ event, the coxswain of that crew shall raise his arm to acknowledge that he understands that the penalty has been awarded to his crew.</p>	<p>PR3Mix2x (Rule 74) When the Starter awards a warning indicated by a Yellow Card to a crew in the LTAPR3Mix4+ or PR3Mix2x event, the coxswain a member of that crew shall raise his arm to acknowledge that he understands that the penalty has been awarded to his the crew.</p>	
<p>Regulation 20 – Interference (Rule 77) Rowers wishing to lodge an objection regarding interference with the Umpire during the race may do so verbally if their hands are strapped, by calling clearly to the Umpire “Objection!” so that the Umpire hears. It is the responsibility of the rower to ensure that the Umpire hears the call and is aware of the objection.</p>	<p>Regulation 20 <u>17</u> – Interference (Rule 77) Rowers wishing to lodge an objection regarding interference with the Umpire during the race may do so verbally if their hands are strapped, by calling clearly to the Umpire “Objection!” so that the Umpire hears. It is the responsibility of the rower to ensure that the Umpire hears the call and is aware of the objection.</p>	
<p>Regulation 21 – Finish of the Race for LTAMix4+ and LTA Mix2x (Rule 79) At the finish of the race in the LTAMix4+ and LTAMix2x events, when raising the white flag the Umpire shall clearly state the words “WHITE FLAG!” for all crews to hear. Should he raise the red flag, he shall similarly clearly state the words “RED FLAG!”</p>	<p>Regulation 21 <u>18</u> – Finish of the Race for LTAPR3Mix4+ and LTA-PR3Mix2x (Rule 79) At the finish of the race in the LTAPR3Mix4+ and LTA-PR3Mix2x events, when raising the white flag the Umpire shall clearly state the words “WHITE FLAG!” for all crews to hear. Should he raise the red flag, he shall similarly clearly state the words “RED FLAG!”</p>	
<p>Regulation 22 – Objections (Rule 82) Rowers wishing to lodge an objection with the Umpire may do so verbally if their hands are strapped, by calling clearly to the Umpire “Objection!” so that the Umpire hears. It is the responsibility of the rower to ensure that the Umpire hears the call and is aware of the objection.</p>	<p>Regulation 22 <u>19</u> – Objections (Rule 82) Rowers wishing to lodge an objection with the Umpire may do so verbally if their hands are strapped, by calling clearly to the Umpire “Objection!” so that the Umpire hears. It is the responsibility of the rower to ensure that the Umpire hears the call and is aware of the objection.</p>	
<p>Regulation 23 – Duties of the Umpire – Position of the Umpire’s launch (Rule 97) The President of the Jury may require that more than one umpire follow the race for Para-Rowing events.</p>	<p>Regulation 23 <u>20</u> – Duties of the Umpire – Position of the Umpire’s launch (Rule 97) The President of the Jury may require that more than one umpire follow the race for Para-Rowing events.</p>	
<p>Regulation 24 – Duties of the Control Commission (Rule 95) For Para-Rowing rowers and boats the Control Commission should also check the following: 1. Accessibility of the pontoon area for rowers, such as those using wheelchairs or assisted by guide dogs, or authorised caregivers; 2. Compliance of all boats with FISA Standard Para-Rowing boats specifications; 3. Safety measures in TAMix2x and AS1x boats including foot stretcher and strapping; 4. Correct fixing of pontoons on AS1xboatsinaccordancewith Regulation 33.4 above;</p>	<p>Regulation 24 <u>21</u> – Duties of the Control Commission (Rule 95) For Para-Rowing para rowers and boats the Control Commission should also check the following: 1. Accessibility of the pontoon area for rowers, such as those using wheelchairs or assisted by guide dogs, or authorised caregivers; 2. Compliance of all boats with FISA Standard Para-Rowing Design boats specifications; 3. Safety measures in TAPR2Mix2x and ASPR1- 1x boats including foot stretcher and strapping; 4. Correct fixing of pontoons on PR2Mix2x boats</p>	

<p>5. Correct use of eyewear by visually impaired rowers in LTA events; and, 6. Correct body strapping of rowers in AS and TA sport classes; Control Commission members may be assisted in the above by members of the Para-Rowing Rowing Commission and/or FISA International Classifiers.</p>	<p>(where fitted) and ASPR1-1x boats in accordance with Regulation 33.4 8 point 4 above; and 5. Correct use of eyewear by visually impaired rowers in LTA events; and, 6. 5. Correct body strapping of rowers in AS and TA PR1 and PR2 sport classes; Control Commission members may be assisted in the above by members of the Para-Rowing Rowing Commission and/or FISA International Classifiers.</p>	
<p>Regulation 25 – Responsibility for Decisions on Strapping and Movement Compliance At Paralympic Games and relevant qualification regattas, World Rowing Championship and World Rowing Cup regattas FISA International Classifiers and/or members of the FISA Para-Rowing Commission will observe the strapping and movement of rowers while racing and shall have the sole responsibility of determining if the strapping or the movement of any rower is not compliant with these Regulations. Where they determine that a rower is non-compliant, these Classifiers or Commission members will communicate such determination to the Race Umpire who shall relegate the crew to last place in that race.</p>	<p>Regulation 25 22 – Responsibility for Decisions on Strapping and Movement Compliance At Paralympic Games and relevant qualification regattas, World Rowing Championship and World Rowing Cup regattas, FISA International Classifiers and/or members of the FISA Para-Rowing Commission will observe the strapping and movement of rowers while racing and shall have the sole primary responsibility of determining if the strapping or the movement of any rower is not compliant with these Regulations. Where they determine that a rower is non-compliant, these Classifiers or and Commission members will communicate such determination to the Race Umpire who shall <u>apply the appropriate penalty under these Regulations, which shall may include relegate relegation of the crew to last place in that race. In deciding the appropriate penalty, the umpire may consult with the concerned classifier or Commission member and the Chief Classifier.</u></p>	